

Maulana Azad Medical College (MAMC), India

MAMC is one of the most prestigious medical schools in India. It is named after the first education minister of independent India and the famous freedom fighter, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Located in the national capital, it is attached to 4 hospitals that have combined bed strength of 2800 beds, making it one of the largest tertiary care enterprises in India catering to millions of people.

The roots of Maulana Azad Medical College can be traced to 1936 when India was under British rule. It was established in 1959 near the Delhi Gate by the first prime minister of India, Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru (**top left**).

The college was established at the old Central Jail after the end of the Second World War. The old Central Jail main building is still within the premises of the college and is listed as a heritage site. The grave of the Mughal era poet Momin lies near the parking area near the college. The infamous Khooni Darwaza where Bahadur Shah Zafar's 2 sons and a grandson were shot by the British in September 1857, during the First War of Independence is opposite the main entrance of the college.

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